

Agenda				
09:30 - 10:00	Registration			
10:00 - 11:10	 Introduction Best practice of applying MEAT criteria for selection offers of consulting engineers (what happening if the cheapest price is the only criteria, what is the best practice, why it's beneficial to the Client QA session (Jaap de Koning) 			
11:10 - 11:40	Coffee break			
11:40 - 12:50	 Practical examples of applying MEAT criteria for selection of consulting engineers; experience of large Dutch Institution, how to design a set of MEAT-criteria QA session (Jaap de Koning, Joost Fijneman) 			
12:50 - 13:50	Lunch break			
13:50 - 15:00	 Introduction of FIDIC contract forms (why FIDIC books are popular, What is the difference between severa books (While book, Red, Yellow, Green book, Golden principles) QA session (Rob Rijnen) 			
15:00 - 15:20	Coffee break			
15:20 - 16:30	 Practical application of FIDIC White book and other books (how to use FIDIC contract forms, how to prepare contracts, what the Client should do, what to expect from the tenderer) QA session (Rob Rijnen) 			

Part I / 10:00 - 11:10

- Background and history of MEAT
- What is MEAT?
- How to asses MEAT?
- Examples of Quality criteria
- Dutch experience
- Why MEAT?
- QA session



Background; EFCA

- European Federation of Engineering Consulting Associations;
- 25 branche-organisations;
- Representing FIDIC in Europe;
- Based in Brussels;
- Industry employs about 1 million staff;
- Industry generates more than EUR 150 billion annual turnover .

	The origin of M	EAT
Offici	al Journal	L 94
of the Eu	ropean Union	
English edition	Legislation	Volume 57 28 March 2014
Contents	I Legislative acts DIRECTIVES	pag
	 Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Pa 26 February 2014 on the award of concess Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Pa 26 February 2014 on public procuren 	sion contracts (1) arliament and of the Council of 65
	2004/18/EC (1) * Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Pa 26 February 2014 on procurement by energy, transport and postal services so 2004/17/EC (1)	urliament and of the Council of 243 ntities operating in the water,

2014 European Directives

- 2020 goals:
 - Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth
 - Need for innovation
 - Need for sustainable development
- Issues:
 - Intellectual services
 - MEAT
 - Competitive procedure with negotiation
 - Innovation Partnership
 - Life Cycle Costing (LCC)



FIDIC 2017

Report FIDIC 2017 on the use of Award Criteria:

- 40% only price;

- Awareness of the consequences by only using price;

- More eager to use MEAT;

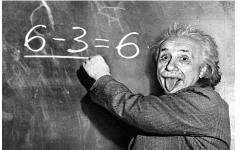
- But: how?

EFCA Guideline on using MEAT, a 5-step model to derive good award criteria (part II)

What is MEAT?

Most Economicaly Advantageous Tender Award Criterium 'more than just price'

(almost) a science...



What is MEAT?

- Price and quality; how to compare / combine these in one assesment?

- Two systems:
 - 1. in points;
 - 2. in Euro's (monetarisation).

Assessment of MEAT; in points

Nr.	Criteria	Weight	A	В	С
1	Price	50,0	3,90	4,45	5,00
	total price	million €	6,250	5,685	5,125
2	Quality	20,0	4,68	3,61	1,59
3	Project control	15,0	3,39	4,86	2,78
4	Maintenance	10,0	4,26	3,58	1,24
5	Planning (construction)	5,0	5,00	1,00	3,00
		100,0	4,07	4,09	3,51

Assessment of MEAT; monetarisation

Rekenvoorbeeld beoordelingssystematiek

Onderstaand rekenvoorbeeld is enkel bedoeld om de systematiek van het bepalen van de fictieve inschrijvingsprijs (de economisch meest voordelige inschrijving) inzichtelijk te maken. Uit onderstaand rekenvoorbeeld wordt duidelijk dat Inschrijver B de economisch meest voordelige inschrijving heeft gedaan.

Subcriteria/	Max.score	Ma	ax.waarde	Insc	hrijv	ver A	Insch	rijv	er B	Insch	rijv	erC
aspecten	100	€	750.000	Score	۱	Naarde	Score	٧	Vaarde	Score	V	Vaarde
A1	5	€	37.500	3,5	€	26.250	2,0	€	15.000	1,0	€	7.500
B1	15	€	112.500	14,0	€	105.000	10,0	€	75.000	6,0	€	45.000
B2	10	€	75.000	8,0	€	60.000	8,0	€	60.000	5,0	€	37.500
B3	10	€	75.000	8,0	€	60.000	5,0	€	37.500	5,0	€	37.500
B4	15	€	112.500	15,0	€	112.500	11,5	€	86.250	4,0	€	30.000
C1	10	€	75.000	7,5	€	56.250	8,0	€	60.000	2,5	€	18.750
C2	20	€	150.000	18,0	€	135.000	14,5	€	108.750	5,0	€	37.500
D1	15	€	112.500	7,0	€	52.500	8,0	€	60.000	8,5	€	63.750
Toegevoegde	waarde		(K)	81,0	€	607.500	67,0	€	502.500	37,0	€	277.500
Inschrijvingsb	edrag (lumpsum)	(P1)		€	695.000		€	550.000		€	399.000
Fictieve insch	rijvingsprijs		(P1-K)		€	87.500		€	47.500		€	121.500

								ample	
	Criteria	Fictious							
		discount			range scores:	0	no added value		
	B1 (20%)	€ 600.000,00				1	very limited extra	a value	
	B2 (30%)	€ 900.000,00		2 limited extra value					
	B3 (20%)	€ 600.000,00				3	average extra value substantious added value		
	totaal	€ 2.100.000,00				4			
						5	very much adde	d value	
Total scores									
	Offer in Euro's	score B1	score B2	score B3	korting B1	korting B2	korting B3	totale korting	fictieve inschrijfsom
Bidder A	€ 1.900.000,00	4	3	2	€ 480.000,00	€ 540.000,00	€ 240.000,00	€ 1.260.000,00	€ 640.000,00
Bidder B	€ 2.150.000,00	2	4	3	€ 240.000,00	€ 720.000,00	€ 360.000,00	€ 1.320.000,00	€ 830.000,00
Bidder C	€ 2.200.000,00	3	4	3	€ 360.000,00	€ 720.000,00	€ 360.000,00	€ 1.440.000,00	€ 760.000,00

Quality Criteria

1. Limiting nuisance for project environment

Criterion K1 relates to the nuisance to the project environment. The replacement of the road construction, measures at the intersections, and the replacement of the culvert bridge entail nuisance to the project environment. The province appreciates a working method for the Contractor that limits nuisance for the project environment. The Tenderer must provide a description/Plan of Approach that includes a clarification of how nuisance for the project environment will be limited. It should address the relationship between the duration of nuisance and the degree of nuisance to the project environment (short duration, heavy nuisance versus long duration, limited nuisance).

This description may not exceed eight A4 pages (including attachments, excluding planning).

Quality criteria

2. Limiting traffic nuisance to (road) users of the N500

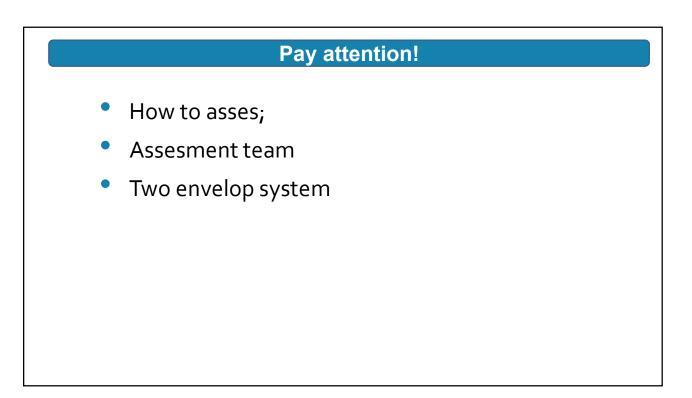
Criterion K2 relates to the inconvenience for road users of the N500. The replacement of the road construction, the measures at the intersections and the replacement of the culvert bridge lead to traffic disruption for the road users of the N500. The province appreciates a working method of the Contractor that limits traffic nuisance. The Tenderer must provide a description / Plan of Approach that explains how traffic nuisance for road users of the N500 will be restricted. It should address the relationship between the duration of the traffic disruption and the degree of traffic disruption for road users of the N500 (short duration, heavy traffic nuisance versus long duration, limited traffic disruption).

This description may not exceed eight A4 pages (including attachments, excluding planning).

Quality criteria

3. Risk reduction for the client

Criterion K3 relates to the extent in which the Tenderer is 'in control' with respect to the management of the client's principal risks, other than risks described under K1 and K2. The Client wishes to reduce risks and consequential damages and limit responsibilities. In this respect, the Client considers it important that the Contractor flexibly handles setbacks in the process that are their fault and that the Contractor thinks ahead instead of, for example, passively acting and reacting. The Tenderer must submit a risk reduction plan that clarifies which control measures the Tenderer applies and identifies residual risks. The Tenderer must at least include an assessment and identification of five major client's risks in his



Why MEAT?

- 1. It's in the European Directives;
- 2. More value for your money;
- 3.No more race to the bottom;
- 4. It drives creativity and innovation;
- 5.lt's about content.



When to apply MEAT?

Question: what are the characteristics of MEAT?



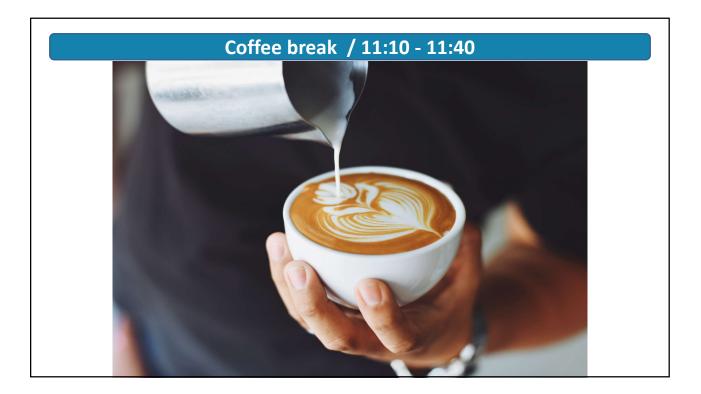
Intellectual services; Complex projects; Of some size.





- April 2013: New Dutch Procurement Law
- Main principle: "comply or explain"
- Award criteria: MEAT
- Part II, more about the success of MEAT





Agenda/ 11:40 – 12:50

- Contribution of Joost Fijneman (CROW);
- How to make a good set of MEAT Criteria;
- Example
- Q&A

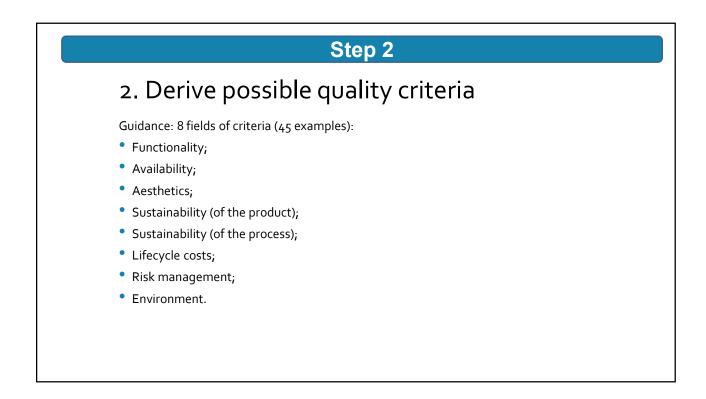
Guid	ance on MEAT
1	TABLE OF CONTENTS
	EDITO5
HOW	INTRODUCTION AND GOALS6
DERIVE	THE METHODOLOGY
	Step 1 Formulate main project goals 7
	Step 2 Derive possible quality criteria 8
	Step 3 Choose a maximum of 4 criteria
	Step 4 Attribute weights to the criteria 12
	Step 5 Test your set by performing a crash test 12
	APPENDIX 13
	Eligibility criteria 13
CRITERIA	Selection criteria14
	Award criteria
	EXAMPLES
	ILLUSTRATING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEAT CRITERIA 16
	Award criteria for the selection of engineering services 16
	Award criteria for the selection of a contractor 23
efca	Award criteria for the selection of an architect 29
Contraction of the second seco	

Step 1

- 1. What are the project goals?
- Not the product;
- Think of theme's relating to project- or procesmanagement;
- Two type of goals; execution (proces) or content.

Examples:

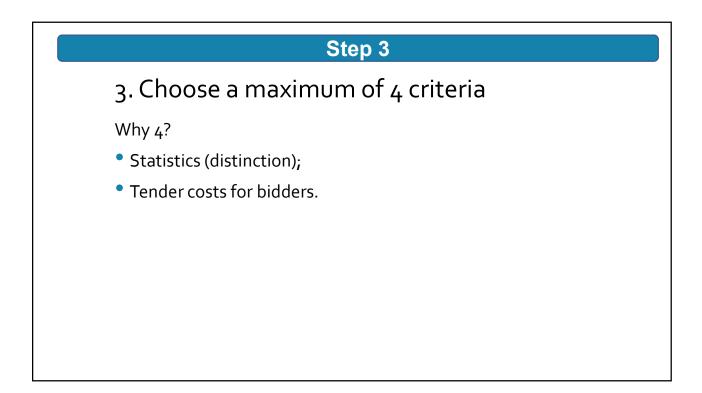
- Reduction of hindrance;
- Energy neutral;
- Deliverance on a milestone.

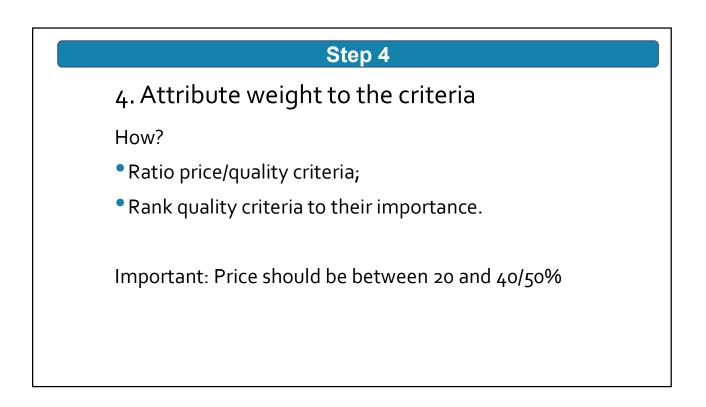


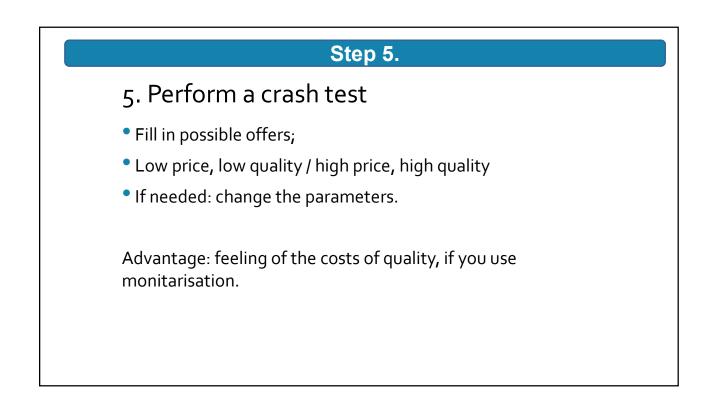
Step 2

Important!

- Contract / projectrelated;
- Information must be verifiable;
- Enough information for the bidders;
- Innovation is not a criteria.



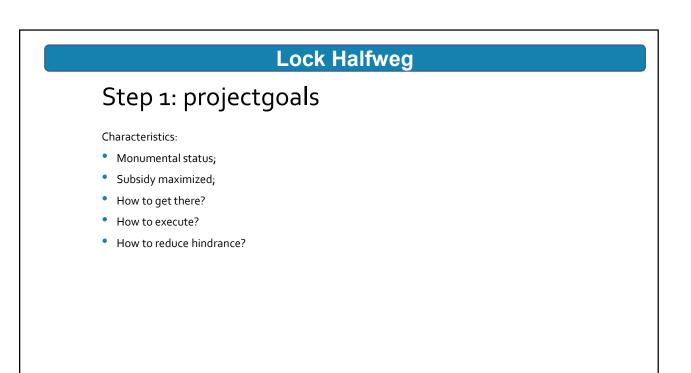


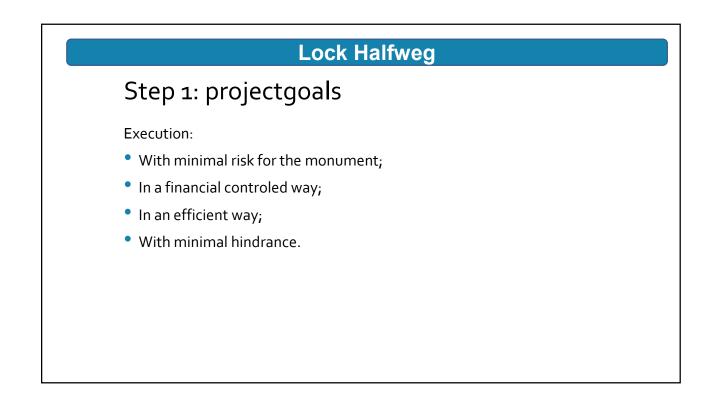








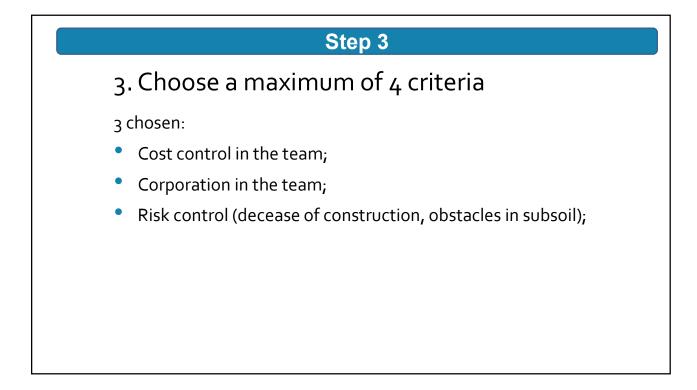


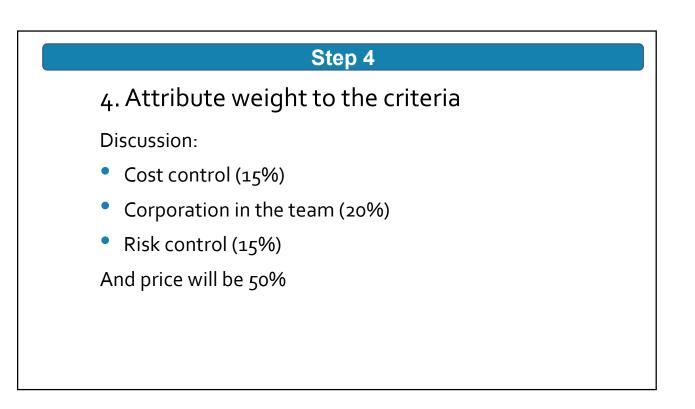




2. Derive possible quality criteria

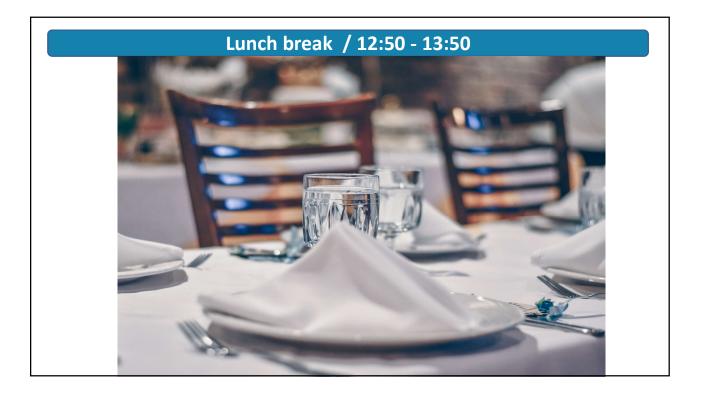
- 1. Cost control;
- 2. Execution plan;
- 3. Minimal hindrance;
- 4. Sustainable execution;
- 5. Corporation in the (ECI) team;
- 6. Keep the monument intouched;
- 7. Planning controled.





Step 5.
5. Perform a crash test
 No changes in the score or the weight.

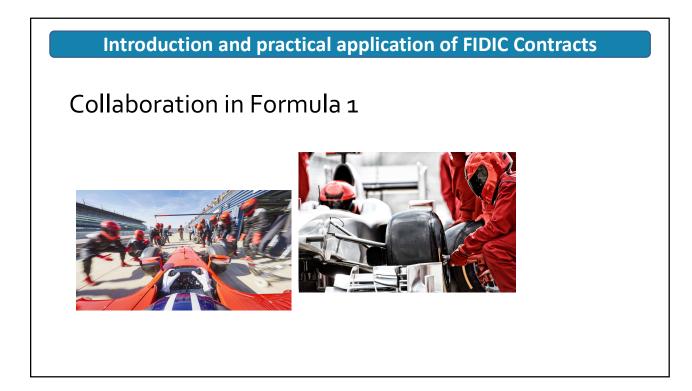


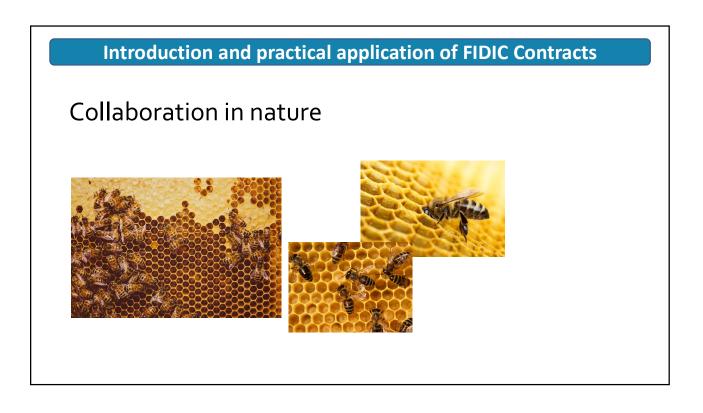






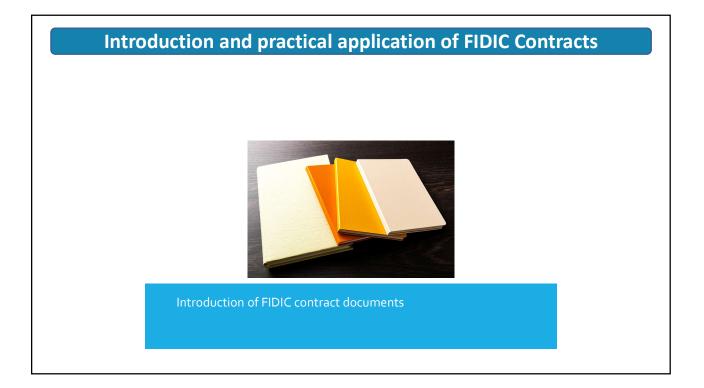


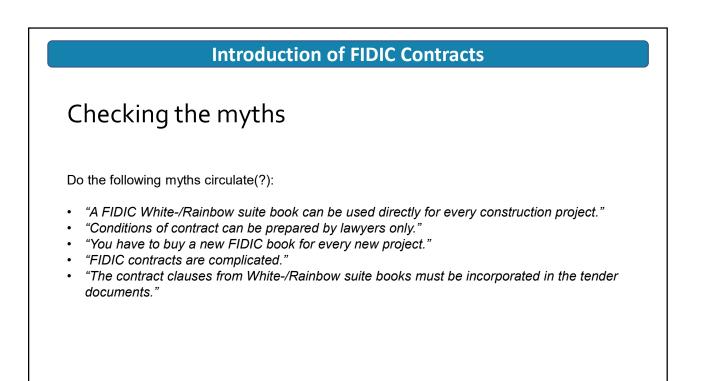


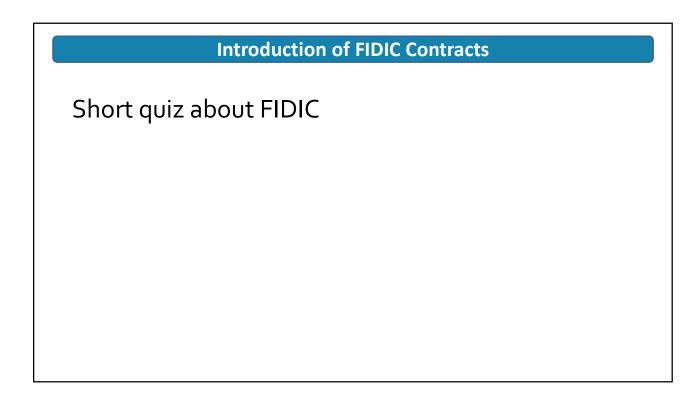




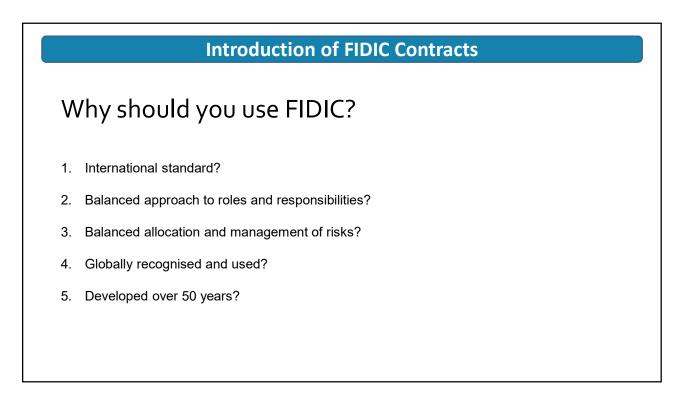




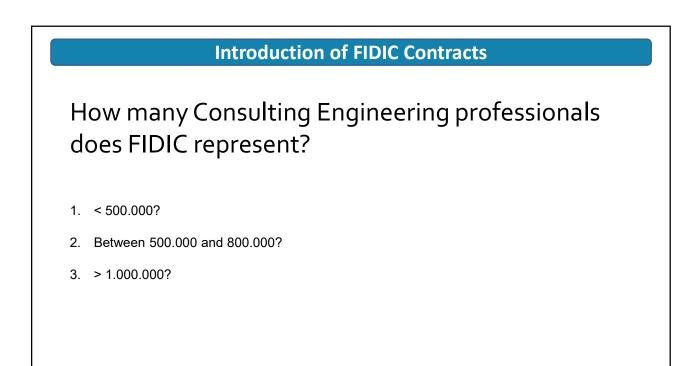




Introduction of FIDIC Contracts
What does FIDIC mean?
1. Federation Internationale Des Ingenieurs Conceils?
2. International Federation of Consulting Engineers?



Introduction of FIDIC Contracts
Does FIDIC publish business practice documents? (e.g. policy statements, position papers, guidelines, training manuals, training resource kits)
1. Yes?
2. No?





In how many countries is FIDIC represented?

- 1. 54?
- 2. 85?
- 3. 100+?

Introduction of FIDIC Contracts

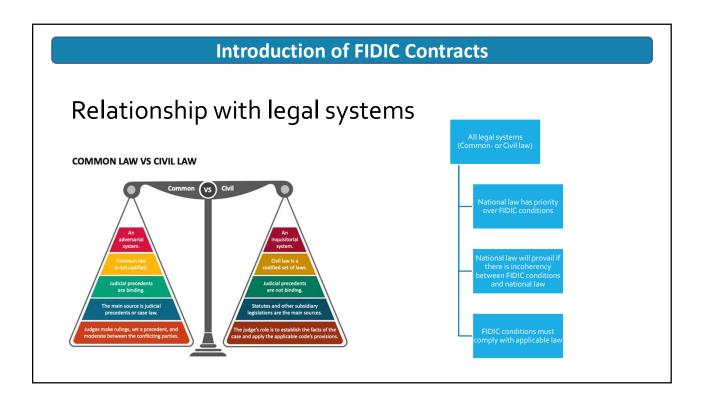
What is a contract

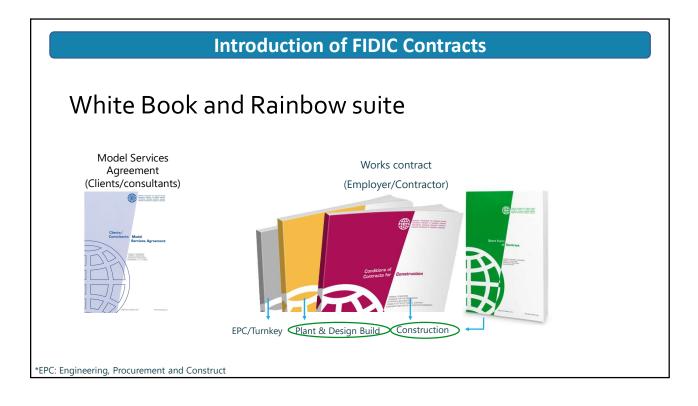
Agreement having a lawful object entered voluntarily by two or more parties, each of whom intends to create one or more legal obligations between or among them.

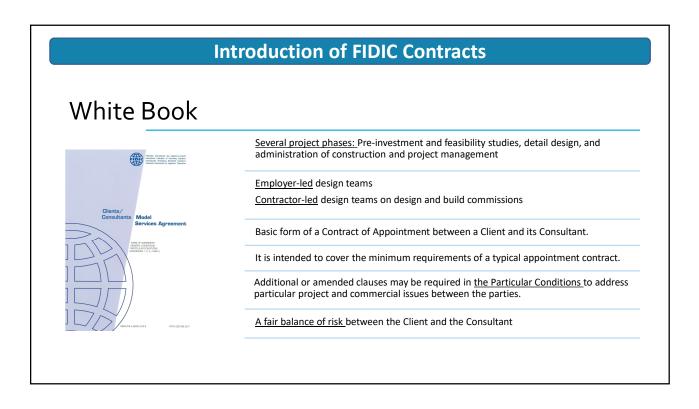
Essential elements of a contract are generally (can slightly differ per legal system):

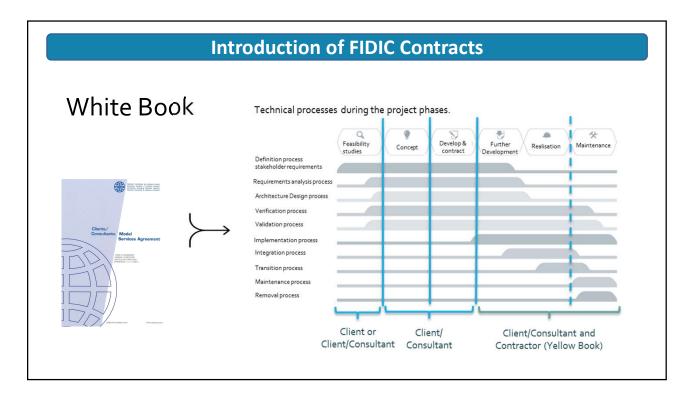
- Agreement: is made as a result of an offer and an acceptance;
- · Capacity: competent persons have legal capacity;
- Consideration: agreement contains an element of value known as consideration. Some benefit whether given or promised;
- Mutuality of obligation: Parties of the Contract intend to create legal relations.

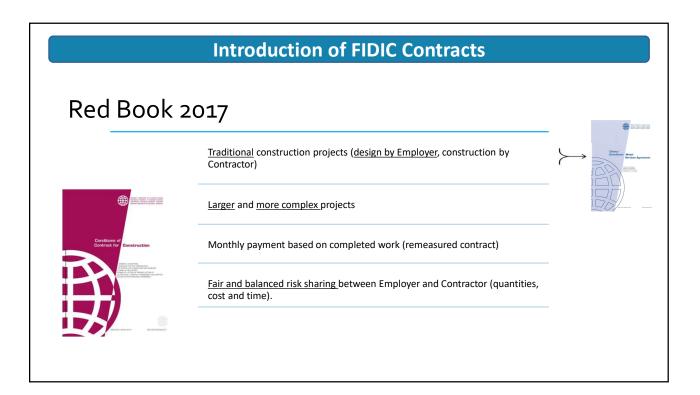












Yellow Book 2	2017	
	rger and more complex projects	
ALL AND A REAL ADDRESS AND A REAL ADDRESS AND A REAL ADDRESS A	ektrical & Mechancal Plant or Building and Engineering Works. <u>Designed by the</u> ontractor	
the	ontractor designs and works in accordance with performance specifications in e <u>Employer's Requirements</u> . Employer's Requirements contain <u>preliminary or</u> nceptual design drawings.	
	ir and balanced risk sharing between Employer and Contractor (quantities, cost id time).	

	Introduction of FIDIC Contracts	
Green Boo	ok 1999	
	Contract price is relatively small (<eur 500.000),="" or;<="" td=""><td></td></eur>	
	<u>Short construction time (<6 months), or;</u>	_
Short Form of Contract	Involved work is <u>relatively simple or repetive</u> .	
	It does not matter whether the <u>design is provided by the Employer (or his</u> Engineer/Architect if he has one) or by <u>the Contractor</u> .	
P	It does not matter whether the project involves construction, electrical, mechanical, or other engineering work.	
And and may	Fair and balanced risk sharing between Employer and Contractor (quantities, cost and time).	

Introduction of FIDIC Contracts

General Conditions within the White- and Rainbow Suite Books

Copyrighted intellectual property. Once bought, it can be used in more projects.

Aggregated in groups of sub-clauses dealing with related subjects

Are only amended by the Particular Conditions

Introduction of FIDIC Contracts

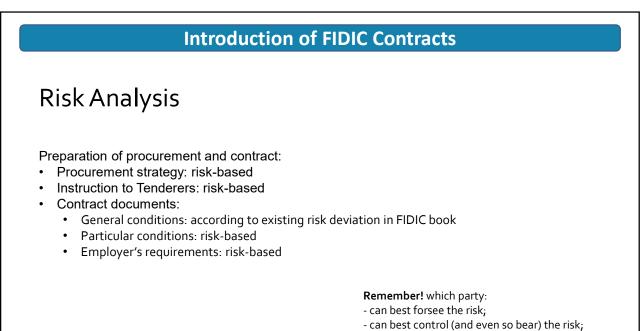
Risk Analysis

A risk is an uncertain event that may lead to a deviation from the stated objectives and requirements. The severity of the risk is determined by a combination of the probability that an event will occur and its impact on objectives and requirements.

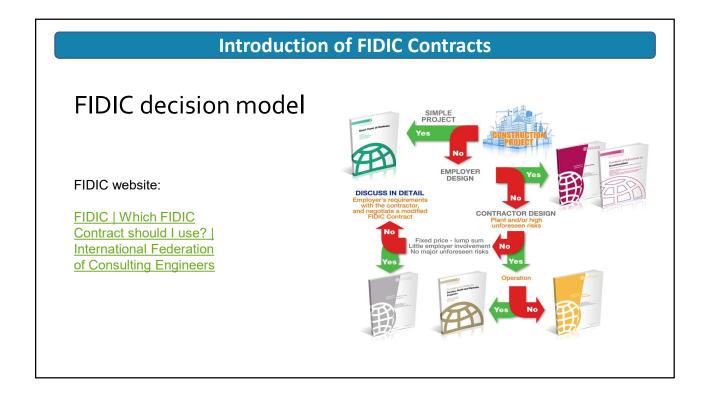
For each risk, a risk owner is appointed who is responsible for implementing the measure. The risk owner should be the person who can best manage the risk and is also affected if the risk actually occurs.

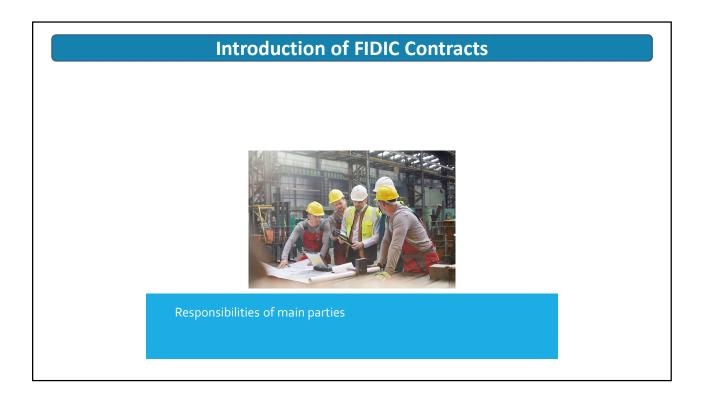
Construction project risks:

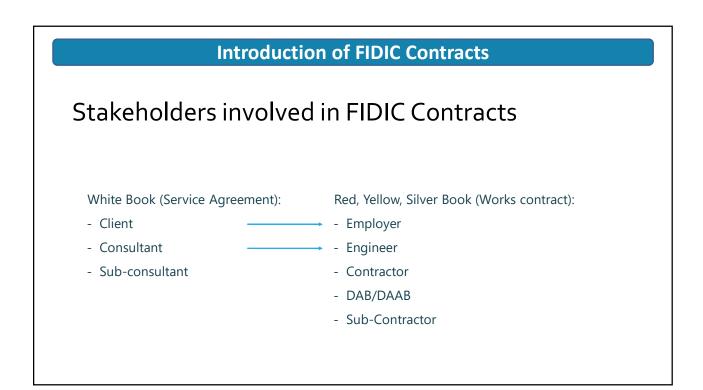
- Insurable: risks of damage, injury, loss that occurs during the Works (e.g., accidents because of a design flaw)
- Uninsurable: risks that lead to time loss or financial loss, with impact on the project (e.g., late site posession).

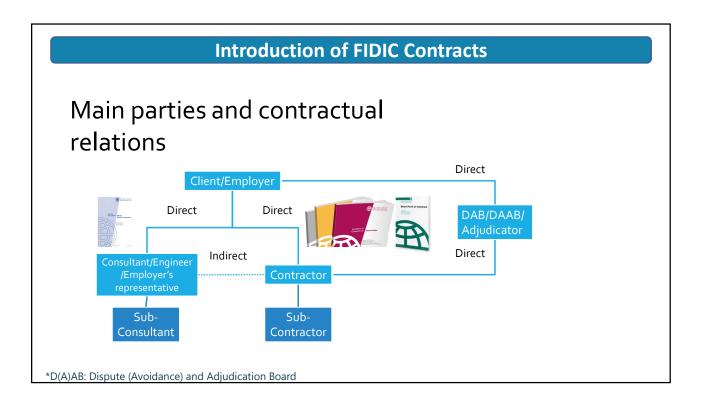


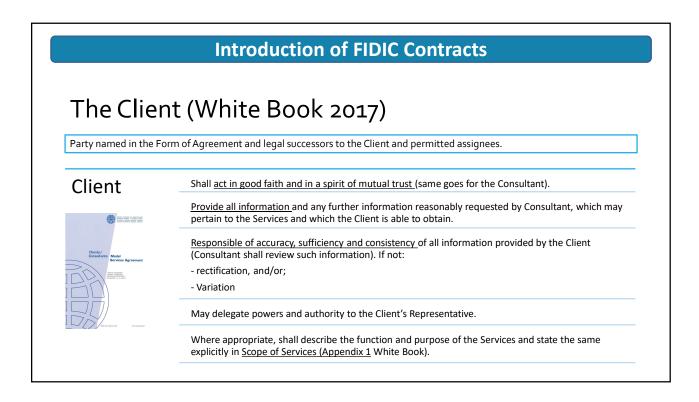
- most benefits or suffers if the risk eventuates?

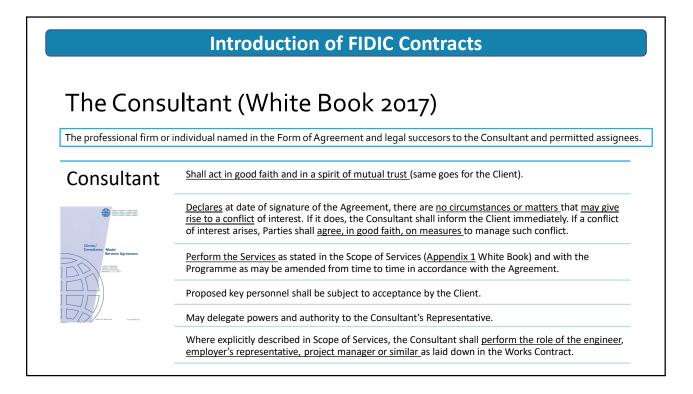


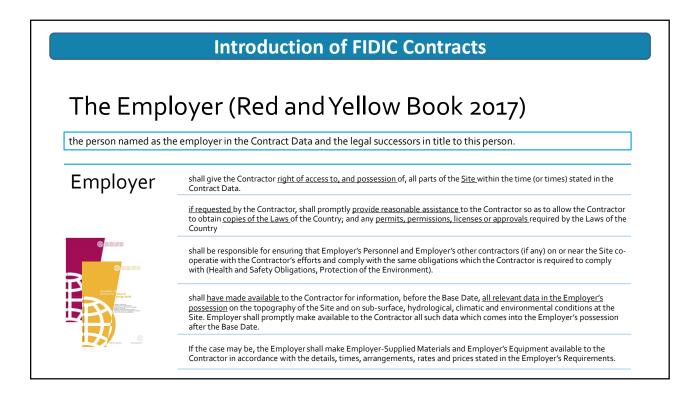


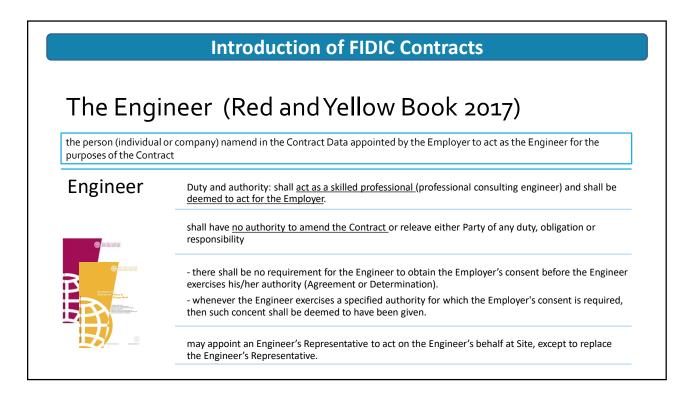




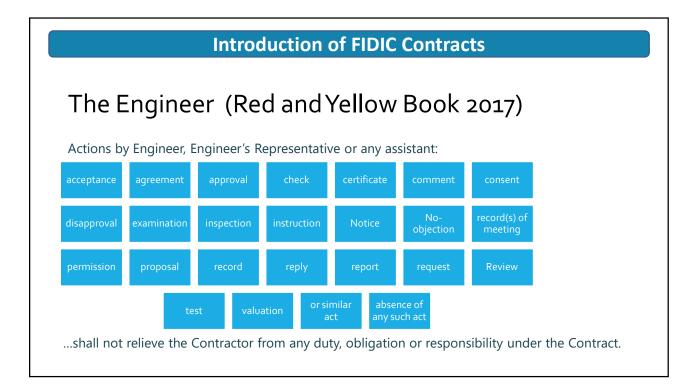


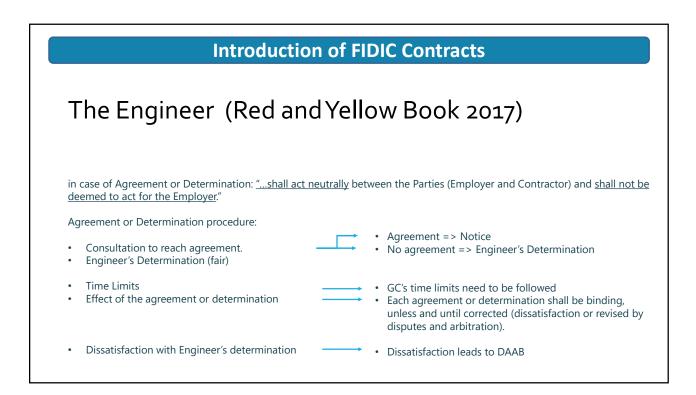


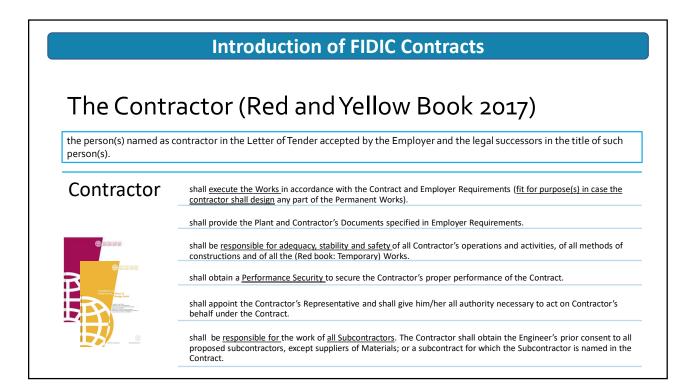




Introduction of FIDIC Contracts					
The Engir	neer (Red and Yellow Book 2017)				
Engineer	<u>may issue</u> to the Contractor (<u>at any time</u>) <u>instructions which may be necessary</u> for the execution of the Works, all in accordance with the contract. This can lead to a Variation or Contractor's Notice (Variation no comply with applicable laws, reduce safety or technically impossible).				
	<u>can be replaced by the Employer</u> . If the Contractor has reasonable objection by a Notice of Replacemen of the Engineer, then the Employer must find another person or company.				
•	Engineer or Contractor's Representative may require the other to attend a management meeting to discuss arrangements for future work and/or other matters. The Engineer shall keep a record of each management meeting and supply copies of the record.				
And the second s	May from time to time assign duties and delegate authority to assistants, and may also revoke such assignment or delegation.				

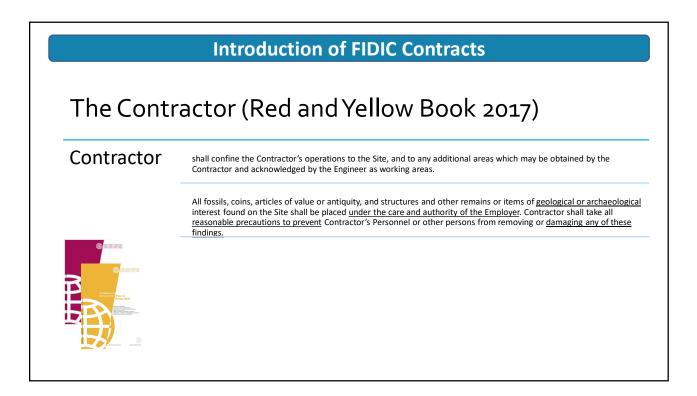






	Introduction of FIDIC Contracts
The Contr	actor (Red and Yellow Book 2017)
Contractor	shall, as specified in Employer's Requirements or as instructed by Engineer, <u>co-operate</u> with and allow appropriate opportunities for carrying out work by: <u>Employer's Personnel</u> , any other contractors employed by the Employer, personnel of a legally constituted public <u>authorities and private utility companies</u> who may be employed in the carrying out, on or near the Site, of any work not included in the Contract.
	shall set out the Works in relation to the Site Data and Items of Reference.
	shall comply with all applicable health and safety regulations as specified in the Contract and Laws.
() and a	shall prepare and implement a <u>Quality Management System (specifically prepared for the Works)</u> to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Contract.
	shall prepare and implement a <u>Compliance Verification System</u> to demonstrate that the design (if any), Materials, Employer-Supplied Materials (if any), Plant, work and workmanship <u>comply in all respects with the Contract</u> .
Conditions of Plane 6 Construct for Plane 6 Design Black	shall be responsible for interpreting all data referred to under Site Data and Items of Reference.
	shall be deemed to:
-1	- have satisfied himself/herself as to the correctness and sufficiency of the Accepted Contract Amount;
	 have based the Accepted Contract Amount on the data, interpretations, necessary information, inspections, examinations and satisfaction as to all relevant matters described in SC 4.10 [Use of Site Data] (Yellow Book:and any further data relevant to the Contractor's design).

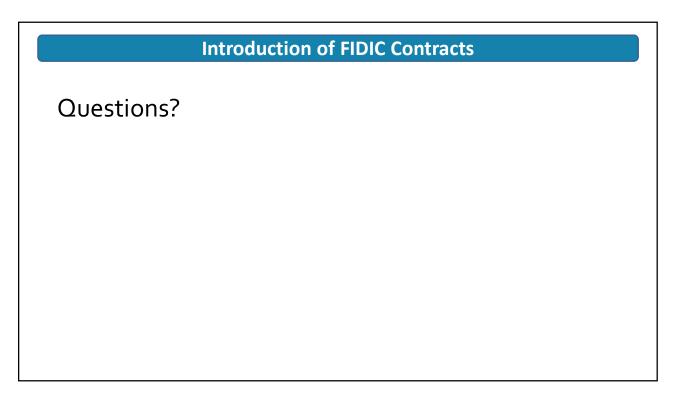
	Introduction of FIDIC Contracts
The Contr	actor (Red and Yellow Book 2017)
Contractor	shall <u>bear all costs</u> and charges for <u>special and/or temporary rights-of-way</u> which may be required for the purposes of the Works, including those for access to the Site.
	shall be deemed to <u>have been satisfied</u> , at the Base Date, as to the <u>suitability and availability of the access routes to the <u>Site.</u></u>
	shall be responsible for all Contractor's Equipment
	shall take all necessary measures to <u>protect environment, comply with environmental impact statement (if any), limit</u> damage and nuisance to people and property.
	shall ensure that emissions, surface discharges, effluent and other pollutants shall exceed neither the values indicated in Employer's Requirements nor those by applicable Laws.
	shall be responsible for the provision of all temporary utilities, including electricity, gas, telecommunications, water and any other services. Except the Employer is to provide utilities for Contractor's use.
	shall be responsible for the security of the Site.



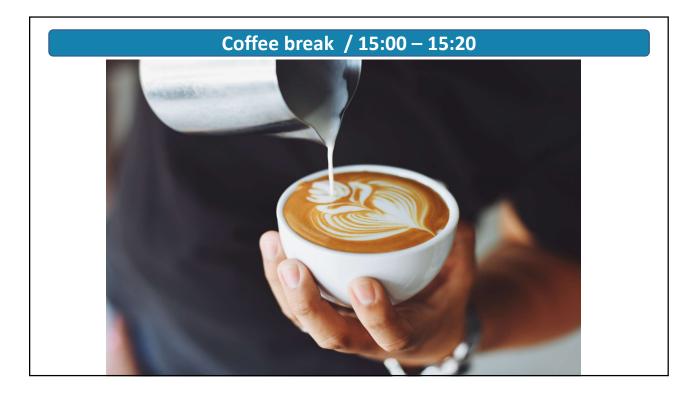
Introduction of FIDIC Contracts				
The Emplo	oyer (Green Book 1999)			
the person named in the Contractor) any assigne	e Agreement and the legal successors in title to this person, but not (except with the consent of the ee.			
Employer	shall be <u>responsible</u> for the <u>Specification and Drawings</u>			
	shall <u>provide</u> the <u>Site</u> and <u>right of access</u> thereto at the times stated in the Appendix.			
Bhort Form of Contract	shall, <u>if requested</u> by the Contractor, <u>assist</u> him in <u>applying for permits, licences or approvals</u> which are required for the Works.			
H	No approval or consent or absence of comment by the Employer or the Employer's representative <u>shall affect</u> the Contractor's <u>obligations</u> .			

Introduction of FIDIC Contracts				
The Employer'	s Representatives (Green Book 1999)			
Employer's Representatives	One of the Employer's personnel shall have authority to act for him.			
Representatives	The Employer may also appoint a firm or individual to carry out certain duties.			
Short Form of Contract	The <u>Contractor shall comply with all instructions</u> given by the Employer in respect of the Works including suspension of all or part of the Works.			
	No approval or consent or absence of comment by the Employer or the Employer's representative shall affect the Contractor's obligations.			
PP				
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Introduction of FIDIC Contracts		
The Contra	actor (Green Book 1999)	
	Agreement and the legal successors in title to this person, but not (except with the consent of the	
Contractor	shall carry out the Works properly and in accordance with the contract.	
	shall provide all supervision, labour, Materials, Plant and Contractor's Equipment.	
Constant Approved and the second approved approv	shall submit to the Employer for consent the name and paprticulars of the person authorized to receive instructions on behalf of the Contractor.	
Short Form of Contract	shall <u>not subcontract the whole of the Works</u> and shall hot subcontract any part of the Works without Employer's consent.	
R	shall <u>carry out design to the extent specified</u> , as referred to in the Appendix.	
T	shall <u>remain responsible</u> for his <u>tendered design</u> and the <u>design after signing</u> the contract, both of which shall be <u>fit for intended purpose</u> s defined in the Contract.	
	shall remain responsible for any infringement of any patent or copyright.	



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Golden principles and pitfalls

- 1. The duties, rights, obligations, roles and responsibilities of all the Contract Participants must be generally as implied in the General Conditions, and appropriate to the requirements of the project.
 - · Complies with GP1: limit the number of changes to the general conditions
 - Pitfall: The transfer of the risk of Unforeseeable physical conditions to the Contractor under a Yellow Book Contract.

Practical application of FIDIC Contracts

Golden principles and pitfalls

- 2. The Particular Conditions must be drafted clearly and unambiguously.
- Complies with GP2: changes to the GCs must be <u>clearly identified</u> by reference to specific Sub-Clause numbers.
- Pitfall: With rare exceptions, a provision of the GCs is deleted and replaced in the PCs by the words "not used".

The Particular Conditions of Contract are additions and amendments to the General Conditions as follows:

Reference to Sub-Clause	Text
1	General Provisions
1.1	Definitions
1.1.1	In Sub-Clause 1.1.1.1, delete the definition of Contract and replace with: *Contract [*] means the Contract Agreement and the documents listed therein.
1.1.1.5	The "Employer's Requirements" comprise Volume 3 of the Tender Documents, as completed by the Schedules referred below.

Golden principles and pitfalls

3. The Particular Conditions must not change the balance of risk/reward allocation provided for in the GCs.

For risk allocation, determine which party:

- can best foresee the risk;
- can best control (and even so bear) the risk;
- most benefits or suffers if the risk eventuates?
- Pitfall: The Contractor not being responsible or liable for the Works carried out by its Subcontractors.

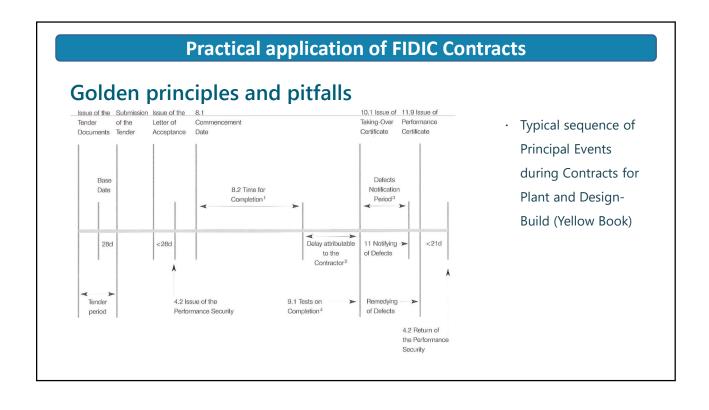
Practical application of FIDIC Contracts

Golden principles and pitfalls

4. All time periods specified in the Contract for Contract Participants to perform their obligations must be of reasonable duration.

Do not change the durations of activities, unless the times are qualified as "unless otherwise agreed" in the GC. This relates to GP3 balanced risk/reward allocation.

- Complies with GP4: In Red and Yellow Book the Commencement Date shall be within 60 days after the Contractor receives the Letter of Acceptance, in lieu of 42 days.
- Pitfall: Requiring the Contractor to give notice of an event or circumstance that might give rise to a claim within 5 days after the Contractor became aware or should have become aware of the event or circumstance.

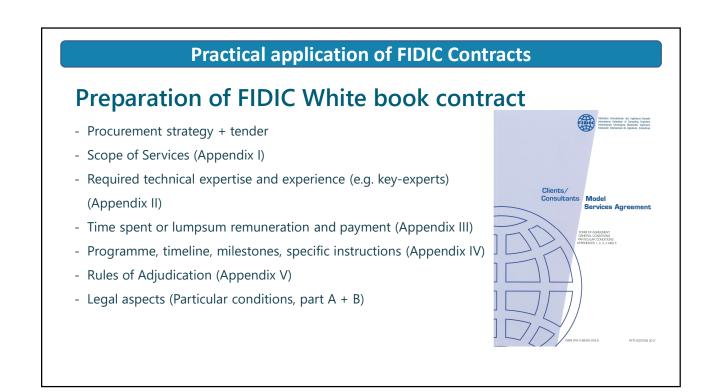


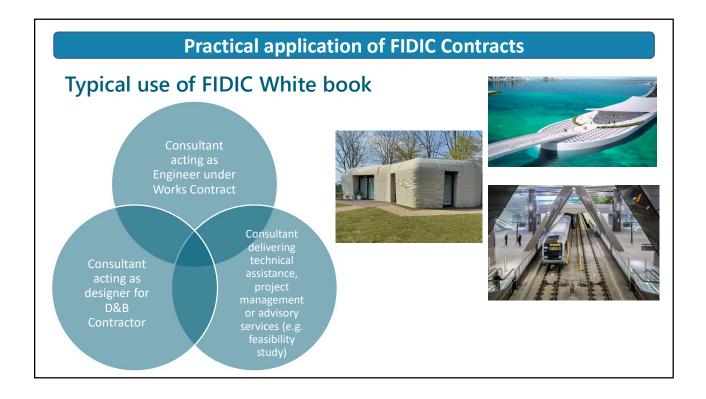
Golden principles and pitfalls

5. Unless there is a conflict with the governing law of the Contract, all formal disputes must be referred to a Dispute Avoidance/Adjudication Board (or a Dispute Adjudication Board, if applicable) for a provisionally binding decision as a condition precedent to arbitration.

The DAAB/DAB procedure provides an independent third party.

- Complies with GP5: PCs modifications to the GCs: Providing that the DAAB/DAB's decision is final and binding for disputes with a value less than a specified amount;
- · Pitfall: PCs modifications to the GCs: Deleting all the clauses in the GCs that refer to the DAAB/DAB.





Benefits of using FIDIC White book contract

- Basic form of contract between Client and its Consultant
- Drafted by experts with engineering, legal and commercial background
- Minimum requirements of typical service agreement are already adressed
- Internationally recognized and suitable for domestic & international projects
- Flexibility to add or amend clauses to address particular project and commercial issues
- Part of a larger framework (FIDIC Rainbow suite)

Practical application of FIDIC Contracts

Disadvantages of using FIDIC White book contract

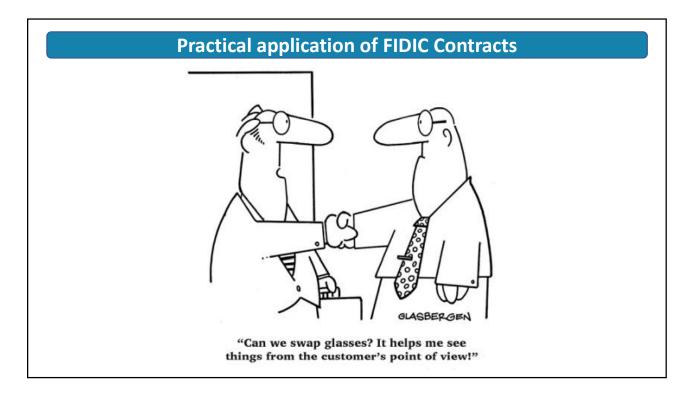
- Not an 'one-size-fits-all' due to localities and specific circumstances per project
- Internal compliance/privacy/QHSEI policies have to be specifically addressed
- Applicable law as included in the Particular Conditions govern the legal obligations and interpretation of the agreement
- Applicable law prevails in case clauses of the FIDIC White Book are considered void
- Fidic White Book is not drafted as 'back-to-back' arrangement for Contractors that engage Consultants under a Yellow Book or Silver book contract

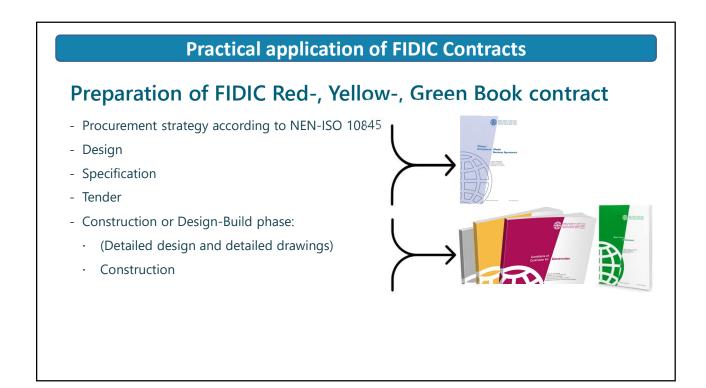


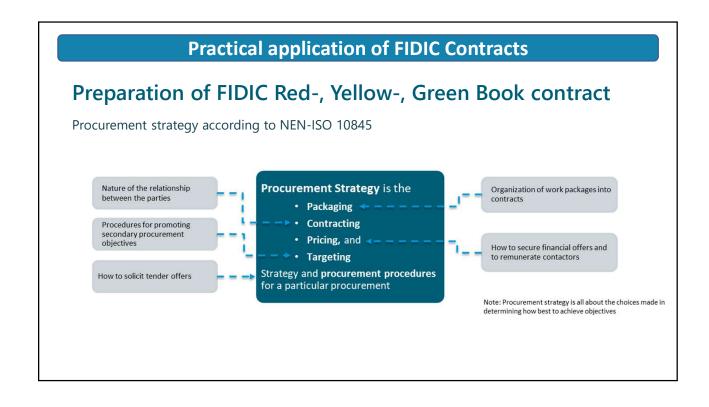
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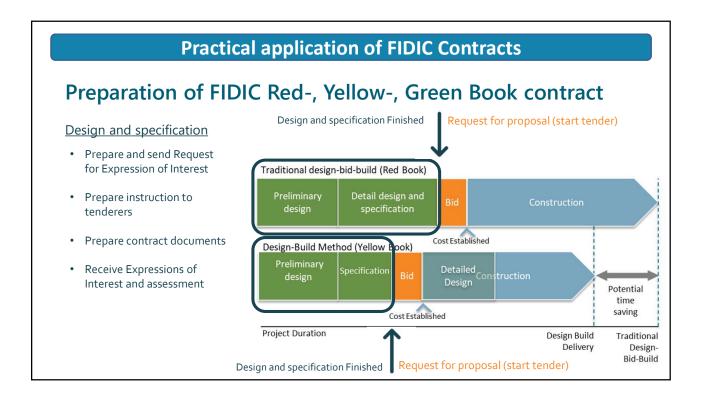
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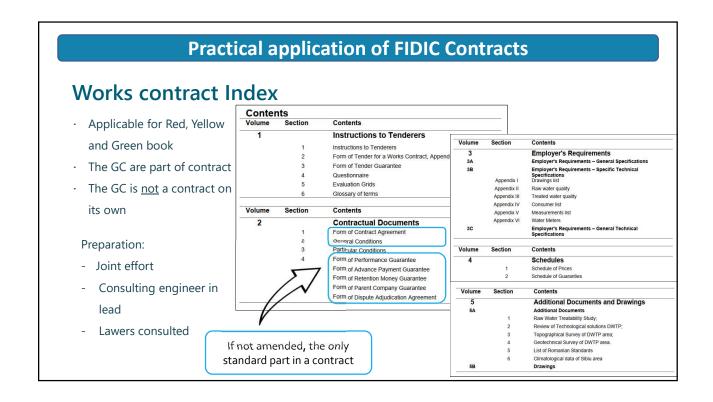
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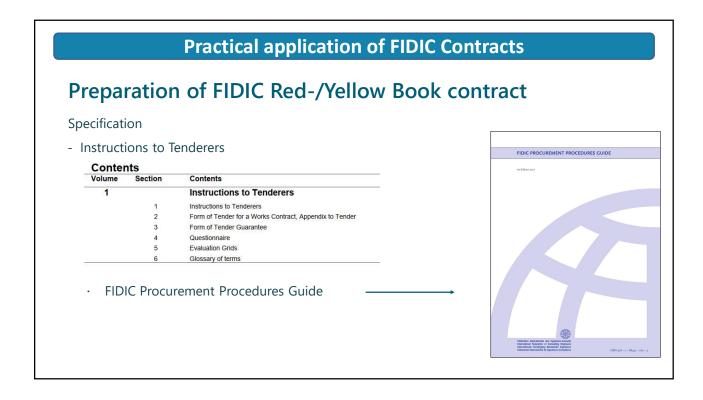




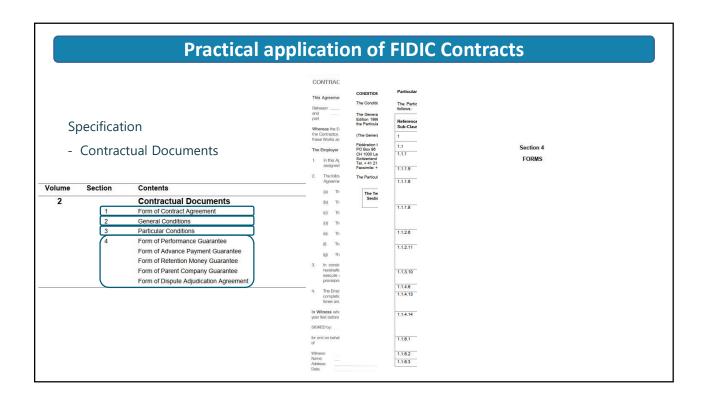


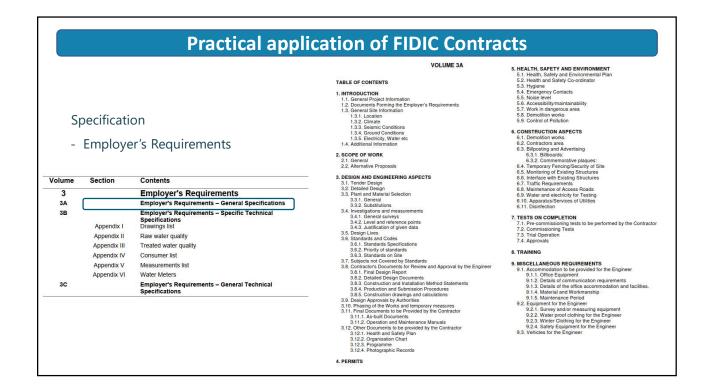






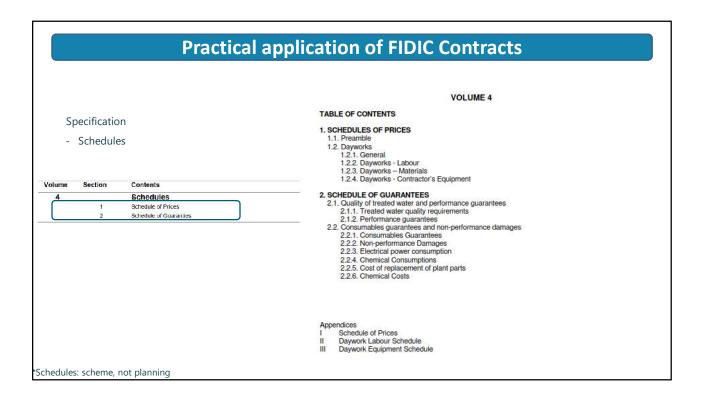








			VOLUME 3C	1.6.5. Aggregates	1.12.2. Delivery of Fixing Materials and Associated Par
			TABLE OF CONTENTS	1.6.6. Delivery of samples 1.6.7. Mix designs, Testing and Batching	1.12.3. Fasteners 1.12.4. Unavailability of Materials
			1. GENERAL CIVIL SPECIFICATION	1.6.8. Transport, placing and compaction	1.12.5. Welding Electrodes
			1.1. Existence of cables, pipe-lines and/or other obstacles	1.6.9. Protection and Curing of Concrete	1.12.6. Manufacturing and Workmanship
			1.1.1. General	1.6.10. Joints 1.6.11. Non-water-retaining structures	1.13. Foundations of blast-furnace slag 1.13.1. Material
			1.1.2. Information and Instructions	1.6.12. Water-retaining structures	1.13.2. Start of work
~			1.1.3. Permission 1.1.4. Protection of objects	1.6.13. Record of Concreting	1.13.3. Transport
Sr	pecificatio	on	1.2. Drainage and dewatering	1.6.14. Faulty Work	1.13.4. Compaction
-1		• • •	1.2.1. General	1.6.15. Blinding Concrete 1.6.16. Tolerances	1.13.5. Moisture content 1.14. Sand-cement stabilising
			1.2.2. Operations	1.6.17. Permanent and temporary holes and rec	
	Employo	er's Requirements	1.2.3. Measurements 1.2.4. Termination	1.6.18. Finishing of concrete surfaces	1.14.2. Preparation
-	LIIIpioye	a s nequirements	1.2.5. Disposal of water	1.6.19. Protection of concrete surfaces	1.14.3. Stabilising
			1.3. Materials, sampling and testing	1.6.20. Repair of imperfections of concrete 1.6.21. Structures to be cast in	1.14.4. Testing 1.14.5. Execution
			1.3.1. General	Precast concrete units	1.14.6. Inspection
			1.3.2. Quality of materials. 1.3.3 Climate	1.7.1. General	1.15. Curbs and edgings
	a u	<u> </u>	1.3.3. Climate 1.3.4. Sources and Types of Material and Plant	1.7.2. Quality and Tests of Concrete	1.15.1. In situ Concrete Curbing
olume	Section	Contents	1.3.5. Laboratory	1.7.3. Cast-in Parts 1.7.4. Transport. Storage and Placing	1.15.2. Laying of precast concrete curbs, channels, e 1.16. Block paving
3		Employer's Requirements	1.3.6. Alternative materials.	1.7.5. Time schedule	1.16.1. Type(s) of Paving
			1.3.7. Supply and use of materials	Reinforcement steel for concrete	1.16.2. Workmanship
3A		Employer's Requirements – General Specifications	1.3.8. Transport and protection 1.3.9. Sampling and testing	1.8.1. Type and Quality 1.8.2. Storage	1.17. Road works and other bituminous works
3B		Employer's Requirements – Specific Technical	1.4. Earthworks	1.8.2. Storage 1.8.3. Bending and cutting Schedules	1.17.1. Sub-base 1.17.2. Base course
		Specifications	1.4.1. Trench earthworks	1.8.4. Protection and Cleaning	1.17.3. Bituminous Surface Treatment
	Appendix I	Drawings list	1.4.2. Excavations in general	1.8.5. Bending and Bars	1.17.4. Asphalt Concrete Pavement
	and the second second		1.4.3. Backfill of clay 1.4.4. Sand raising	1.8.6. Wire makes 1.8.7. Lapping of bars and wire makes	1.17.5. Asphalt Concrete Binder Course Base
	Appendix II	Raw water quality	1.4.5. Excavation for structures	1.8.8. Fixing of reinforcement steel	1.17.6. Asphalt Concrete Wearing Course 1.17.7. Max. variation in percent of Total Appreciation
	Appendix III	Treated water quality	1.4.6. Finishing activities for Earthworks	1.8.9. Approval before Concreting	1.17.8. Curbstones and Drains
	Appendix IV	Consumer list	1.5. Pipe lines and Manholes	1.8.10. Exposed reinforcement	1.17.9. Pavement Markings
	and the second		1.5.1. Material 1.5.2. Transport and storage	Formwork 191 General	1.18. Glazing and Painting
	Appendix V	Measurements list	1.5.3. Laying of pipelines	1.9.2. Drawings and Calculations	1.18.1. Glazing 1.18.2. Painting
	Appendix VI	Water Meters	1.5.4. Pipe joints	1.9.3. Design and construction requirements	1.19. Finishing of floors, walls and ceilings
3C		Fundamenta Demoissante - Commit Technical	1.5.5. Cutting pipes	1.9.4. Materials for formwork 1.9.5. Construction of formwork	1.19.1. General
30		Employer's Requirements – General Technical	1.5.6. Manholes 1.5.7. Pipes with rubber ring connections	1.9.5. Construction of formwork 1.9.6. Cleaning and reuse of form work	1.19.2. Cement plaster finished floors 1.19.3. Floor tiling
		Specifications	1.5.8. Pipe connection to structures	1.9.7. Removal of formwork	1.19.4. Wall tiling
			1.5.9. House connections and street inlet connections	1.9.8. Formed finishes	1.19.5. Cement Plastering
). Brickwork 1.10.1. General	1.20. Roofing and Wall Cladding
			1.5.11. Foundation and cover 1.5.12. Pressure pipelines	1.10.1. General 1.10.2. Mortar for brickwork	1.20.1. Metal roofing sheets 1.20.2. Roof tiles
			1.5.13. Slope of gravity pipelines	1,10.3. Bricks	1.20.3. Roof dutters
			1.5.14. Tolerances for pipelines	1.10.4. Laying of brick works	1.20.4. Wall Cladding
				1. Timber structures 1.11.1. General	
			1.5.16. Removal of existing structures 1.6. Concrete works	1.11.1. General 1.11.2. Type of Timber	2. GENERAL MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS 2.1. General
			1.6. Concrete Works 1.6.1. General	1.11.3. Quality of Timber	2.1. General 2.2. Welding
			1.6.2 Quality and Types of Concrete Mixes	1.11.4. Connections	2.2. Welding 2.3. Additional regulations for the welding of stainless ster
			1.6.3. Centent	2. Steel structures 1.12.1. Quality and Testing of Materials	2.4. Testing after welding
			1.6.4. Water	1.12.1. seconcy and reading of Materials	2.5. Acceptance after post-treatment of the welds



		Ргасисат арри	cation of FIDIC Contracts
Sr	pecificat	ion	
-	Additio	nal Documents and Drawings	
/olume	Section	Contents	
5	- 34 270 270 270	Additional Documents and Drawings	
5A		Additional Documents	
	1	Raw Water Treatability Study;	
	2	Review of Technological solutions DWTP;	
	3	Topographical Survey of DWTP area;	
	4	Geotechnical Survey of DWTP area.	
	5	List of Romanian Standards	
	6	Climatological data of Sibiu area	
		Drawings	
5B			

	International methods and procedures Illustrative equivalent approach using this part of ISO 10845				
December of the second second	Descriptor	Description	Procurement procedure (see Table 2)	Standard tender- evaluation method (see Table 3)	Tender data (see ISO 10845-3)
Procurement procedures:	European Com	mission	(000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,00	1 (
- World bank - World Trade Organisation	Open procedure	In this procedure, any tenderer may submit a tender in response to an invitation to do so.	Open procedure	Method 1 or 2	Tender data states which method is to be used.
- UN Commission on Internatoinal	Restricted procedure	In this procedure, any tenderer may request to participate and only those tenderers invited by the employer may submit a tender.	Qualified procedure	Method 1 or 2	Tender data states which method is to be used.
Trade Law	Negotiated procedure	In this procedure, the employer consults the tenderers of its choice and negotiates the terms of contract with one or more of these.	Negotiated procedure	-	-
- European Union	Competitive dialogue	In this procedure, the tenderers submit a tender in response to enter into a competitive dialogue which is concluded when tenderers remaining in the dialogue are requested to submit best and final offers.	Open competitive negotiations	Method 2	Tender data states which method is to be used.
	Design contest	In this procedure, the employer acquires, mainly in the fields of town and country planning, architecture and engineering or data processing, a plan or design selected by a jury after being put out to competition, with or without the award of prizes.	Proposal procedure using the two-stage system	Method 2 with a quality weighting of 0	Particulars of the competition are set out in the tender data

Summary

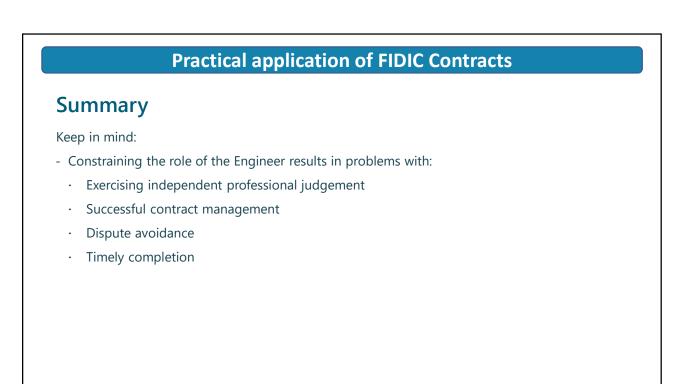
- FIDIC Red-, Yellow and Green book
- Legal characteristics
- Risk analysis
- Responsibilities of main parties
- Golden Principles
- White Book preparation
- Red-, Yellow and Green book preparation

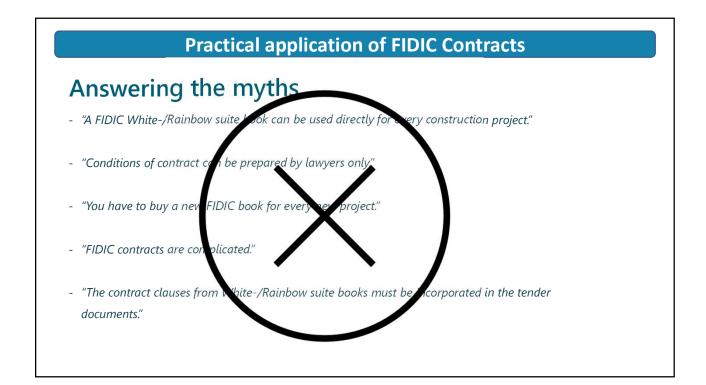
Practical application of FIDIC Contracts

Summary

Keep in mind:

- Changing or upsetting the balance of risk-sharing in FIDIC contracts typically results in:
 - · Reduce number of tenderers
 - Higher tender prices
 - · Delays to completion
 - \cdot Additional time and cost claims
 - · (Major protracted) disputes (leading to arbitration)
 - · Contract termination (sometimes)





Answering the myths

- "A FIDIC White-/Rainbow suite book can be used directly for every construction project."
 - · It must be made project specific in the tender documents
- "Conditions of contract can be prepared by lawyers only."
 - It is advised to have the contract drawn up by a joint effort between consulting engineers, lawyers and procurement specialists (add the technical knowhow).
- "You have to buy a new FIDIC book for every new project."
 - · Once bought, it can be used in more projects.

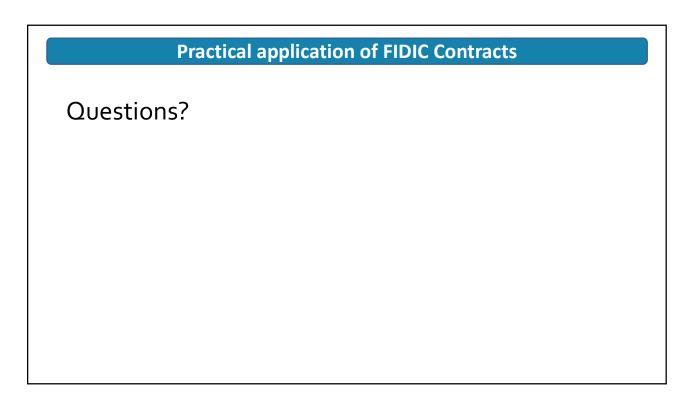
Practical application of FIDIC Contracts

Answering the myths

- "FIDIC contracts are complicated."
 - Once you understand the principles and mechanisms, the steps and procedures for involved parties are easy to follow.
- "The contract clauses from White-/Rainbow suite books must be incorporated in the tender documents."
 - White Book: it suffices to refer to the White Book from in the Consultant's Proposal (be aware that white book will not be rejected by Client) or in the Form of Agreement.
 - Rainbow suite: it suffices to declare a specific Rainbow suite Book applicable in the tender documents and refer to it.

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